# Stedham Primary School Pupil Premium Strategy Statement 2023-2026

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2021 to 2022 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

#### **School overview**

Detail	Data
School name	Stedham Primary School
Number of pupils in school	44
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	18%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	2023/2024 to 2023/2026
Date this statement was published	Dec 23
Date on which it will be reviewed	July 2024
Statement authorised by	Malcolm Meaby Headteacher
Pupil premium lead	Malcolm Meaby Headteacher
Governor / Trustee lead	Loff Acce
	Jeff Ace

#### **Funding overview**

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£17,460
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£2175
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£409
Total budget for this academic year	£20,044
If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	

#### Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

#### Statement of intent

At Stedham Primary School our intention to ensure that all pupils can achieve their full potential in all areas of school life, irrespective of their background or the challenges they face. We strive to provide opportunities for all children to succeed and benefit from an enriching curriculum and school experiences, whilst also embedding the values of Stedham Primary: Commitment, Courtesy, consideration, collaboration, challenge, creativity.

The staff at Stedham Primary School share the collective goal to keep all children safe and to support them academically and emotionally. We adopt a whole school inclusive approach in which all staff take responsibility for disadvantaged pupils' outcomes and raise expectations of what they can achieve. In order to narrow the attainment gaps between disadvantaged pupils and their non-disadvantaged counterparts both within school and nationally, we are committed to early identification, recognition and the removal of potential barriers to learning. All staff apply the principles of Ordinarily Available Inclusive Practice (OAIP) from West Sussex County Council.

The approaches identified in this strategy are based on the common challenges faced by disadvantaged pupils, our knowledge of individual pupil needs identified through teacher assessments and observations, as well as information gained from robust diagnostic assessments. High-quality teaching is at the heart of our approach. This is proven to have the greatest impact on closing the disadvantage attainment gap and at the same time will benefit the non-disadvantaged pupils in our school. Additional targeted interventions and 1:1 or small group School-led tutoring also form part of the strategy to ensure the recovery for those pupils whose education has been worst affected by the pandemic. Alongside academic support, we will ensure that pupils who have social, emotional and mental health needs will access high quality provision from appropriately trained adults.

## Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Disadvantaged pupils generally have greater difficulties with phonics than their peers. This negatively impacts their development as readers. Attainment in reading, particularly at the GDS standard is inconsistent across the rest of the school. The maintenance of the robust phonics programme and work on whole class guided reading must continue to be prioritised.
2	Low levels of writing attainment within disadvantaged cohorts and the gap between them and their peers was further impacted by school closure. Overall, pupils achieve well by the end of KS2 but fail to convert to greater depth standard due to gaps in their knowledge. Daily high impact initial teaching of writing is essential.
3	Low levels of Maths attainment within pupil premium cohorts and the gap between them and their peers was further impacted by school closure. Attainment in maths is inconsistent across the school. Daily high impact initial teaching and work on mastery, fluency and number sense are crucial.
4	Our attendance data for the 2020-2021 indicates that absence among disadvantaged pupils was 4.34% this is higher than for non-disadvantaged pupils at 2.67% (Last reported national figure published in 2018-2019 4.7%)
	14.9% of disadvantaged pupils have been 'persistently absent' compared to 3.1% of their peers during that period. (Last reported national figure published in 2018-2019 was 10.9%)
	Our assessments and observations indicate that absenteeism is negatively impacting disadvantaged pupils' progress. Analysis of reasons for absence observations and discussions with pupils and families have identified social and emotional issues for pupils.

#### **Intended outcomes**

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
To increase disadvantaged pupils' levels of engagement	All staff across the school are trained in the effective and consistent approach to the teaching of phonics through effective ongoing CPD for Bug Club Phonics.
and attitudes towards reading by ensuring that early reading and phonics are prioritised.	<ul> <li>At least % of pupils will achieve the National expected standard in the PSC in 2022 and this will increase to 95% in 2024. Disadvantaged children will attain PSC in line with non- disadvantaged.</li> </ul>
	The bottom 20% for phonics are tracked and supported to maximise their reading abilities. Same day interventions for phonics are provided through additional 1:1 or small group.
	<ul> <li>The use of reading interventions for the bottom 20%, including the use of comprehension groups and 1:1 tutoring are tracked and refocussed as needed.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>KS1 reading outcomes in 2024/25 show that disadvantaged pupils will attain ARE in reading in line with non- disadvantaged pupils.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>KS2 reading outcomes in 2024/25 show that disadvantaged pupils will attain ARE in reading in line with non- disadvantaged pupils.</li> </ul>
To ensure consistent high impact inclusive initial teaching for	All staff refer to the OAIP document as part of their classroom practise and through discussion can show how this has been applied to support groups of pupils.
disadvantaged pupils.	<ul> <li>Positive feedback is received regarding training on dialogic talk, questioning strategies and other CPD provided by senior leaders.</li> </ul>
	Evidence of the impact of whole staff and individual CPD seen in monitoring activities.
	<ul> <li>Effective high quality feedback is given and leads to improved outcomes for all pupils.</li> </ul>
Improved reading, writing and Maths attainment among	KS1 and 2 writing outcomes in 2024/25 show that disadvantaged pupils will attain ARE in reading in line with non-disadvantaged pupils.
disadvantaged pupils at the end of KS1 and KS2	<ul> <li>KS1 and 2 maths outcomes in 2024/25 show that disadvantaged pupils will attain ARE in reading in line with non-disadvantaged pupils.</li> </ul>
To achieve and sustain	By 2024:
improved wellbeing for all pupils, particularly the	A clear whole school approach for mental health and wellbe-
disadvantaged pupils.	<ul><li>ing is in place and embedded.</li><li>The RSHE scheme of work is embedded, reviewed and</li></ul>
	adapted to meet the needs of the current cohorts.
	Pupil voice, pupil and parent surveys and teacher observa- tions reveal sustained positive mental wellbeing.

	<ul> <li>Participation by all pupils in enrichment activities is sustained.</li> <li>Impact of the learning mentor sessions shows improvements in social and emotional needs from baseline on Socially Speaking questionnaire or Boxall profile.</li> </ul>
To sustain high attendance for all pupils, particularly the disadvantaged pupils.	<ul> <li>By 2024:</li> <li>Pupil absence is no higher than 4.7%</li> <li>There is no attendance gap between disadvantaged pupils and their non-disadvantaged peers.</li> <li>The percentage of all pupils who are persistently absent is below 10.9%</li> <li>There is no gap between the persistent absence figures for disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils.</li> <li>In house data shows disadvantaged pupils perform broadly in line with non-disadvantaged pupils.</li> </ul>

### Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

#### **Teaching**

Budgeted cost: £7,000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Purchase further standardised diagnostic assessments and analysis tools. (Puma/Pira)  Embed the process of ensuring ongoing diagnostic assessments take place in	Standardised tests have provided reliable insights into the specific strengths and gaps in knowledge for each pupil (and trends across cohorts) this is used to help ensure pupils receive the correct additional support through interventions or teacher instruction.  EEF Assessment and Monitoring Progress	
learning journeys.	Evidence shows that when used effectively, diagnostic assessments (Quizzes, exit tickets, hinge questions, mind-maps) can indicate areas for development with individual pupils or across classes and year groups. Some methods can also help teachers isolate the specific misconceptions pupils might hold.  EEF Diagnostic Assessment	
Provide ongoing high quality in-house CPD opportunities to support staff identification of barriers and provision (OAIP)	An inclusive and holistic approach which enables pupils to be a part of the ethos of the school enables them to access the curriculum through adaption and achieve the best outcomes.  Ordinarily Available Inclusive Practice WSCC	
Continue ongoing monitoring of robust systematic synthetic phonics – Bug Club Phonics  Monitor reading provision across KS1 and KS2 and provide timely feedback to improve teaching and learning.	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base that indicates a positive impact on the accuracy of word reading (though not necessarily comprehension), particularly for disadvantaged pupils:  Phonics Research EEF  Phonics Bug Club Research  The average impact of reading comprehension strategies is an additional six months' progress over the course of a year. Successful reading comprehension approaches allow activities to be carefully tailored to pupils' reading capabilities, and involve activities and texts that provide an effective, but not overwhelming, challenge.  DFE Reading Framework  EEF Reading Comprehension Strategies	

Further enhance maths teaching and curriculum planning in line with DfE and EEF guidance – fluency and mastery.  Embed the use of White Rose Maths Introduce and analyse fluency tracking.	Evidence shows that excellent maths teaching requires good content knowledge. Excellent teachers also know the ways in which pupils learn mathematics and the difficulties they are likely to encounter, and how mathematics can be most effectively taught.  DFE Maths at KS1 and 2  EEF Maths at KS2  White Rose links	
Improve the quality of social and emotional learning.  Social and emotional approaches will be embedded into routine educational practices and supported by professional development and training for staff.	There is extensive evidence associating childhood social and emotional skills with improved outcomes at school and in later life (e.g., improved academic performance, attitudes, behaviour and relationships with peers):  EEF Social and Emotional Learning	

## **Targeted academic support**

Budgeted cost: £7,000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Additional phonics sessions targeted at disadvantaged pupils who require further phonics support.	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base indicating a positive impact on pupils, particularly from disadvantaged backgrounds. Targeted phonics interventions have been shown to be more effective when delivered as regular sessions over a period up to 12 weeks	
Timetable of targeted intervention support from qualified teacher (4 afternoons per week)	Small group tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support low attaining pupils or those falling behind. <u>EEF Small Group Tuition</u>	
School led tutoring programme in place for January 2022 to provide for pupils whose education has been most impacted by the pandemic. A significant proportion of the pupils who receive tutoring will be disadvantaged pupils.	Small group tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support low attaining pupils or those falling behind.  EEF Small Group Tuition	

### Wider strategies

Budgeted cost: £14,000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Whole staff training on: Zones of regulation  RSHE developed and emotional health and wellbeing a priority.  Embed whole school approach for mental health.	Evidence that appropriately trained and supported staff, teachers and TAs can achieve results with mild to moderate mental health problems.  The training we have selected will focus on the staff CPD needs identified through the online tool: to develop our understanding of our pupils' needs, give pupils a voice in how we address wellbeing, and support more effective collaboration with parents.  DfE SMHL training  Zones of regulation  E4S	
To ensure subsidized experiences enhance academic learning, create opportunities to develop aspiration and give children opportunities to excel in area they might not otherwise have access to.	Offering a wide range of high-quality extracurricular activities to boost wellbeing, behaviour, attendance, and aspiration. Activities will focus on building life skills such as confidence, resilience, and socialising. Disadvantaged pupils will be encouraged and supported to participate.  EEF Life Skills and Enrichment	
Embedding principles of good practice for attendance set out in the DfE's advice.	The DfE guidance has been informed by engagement with schools that have significantly reduced levels of absence and persistent absence.  DFE Securing Good Attendance	

Total budgeted cost: £23,000

# Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

#### **Pupil premium strategy outcomes**

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2020 to 2021 academic year.

See detailed review of the plan from 2020-2021 on the school website.

Our internal assessments during 2020/21 suggested that the performance of disadvantaged pupils was lower than in the previous years in key areas of the curriculum.

Our assessment of the reasons for these outcomes points primarily to Covid-19 impact, which disrupted all our subject areas to varying degrees. As evidenced in schools across the country school closure was most detrimental to our disadvantaged pupils, and they were not able to benefit from all our pupil premium funded improvements to teaching and targeted interventions to the degree we had intended. The impact was mitigated in part by our use of the catch-up premium.

Our assessments and observations indicated that pupil behaviour, wellbeing and mental health were significantly impacted last year, primarily due to COVID-19-related issues. The impact was particularly acute for disadvantaged pupils. We used pupil premium funding to provide support for all pupils, and targeted interventions where required. We are building on that approach with the activities detailed in this plan.

#### **Externally provided programmes**

Programme	Provider
TT Rock stars	Maths Circle
Scholastic Reading Pro	English
White Rose Maths	Maths
Aspire	PE
Literacy Tree	Literacy
Twinkle	Curriculum support